Managing your self and your well-being

Own programming and co-operation skills

Gofore, May 26, 2020



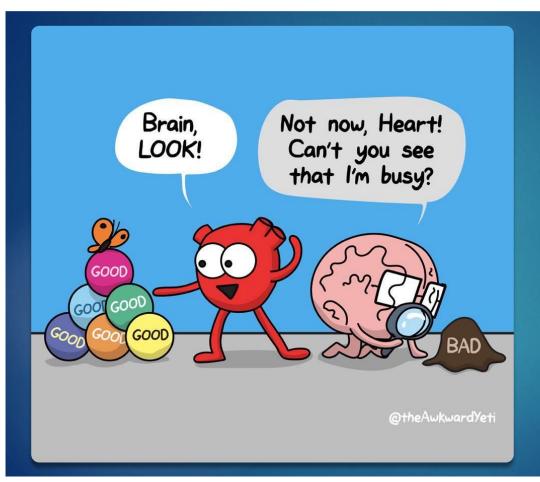
MIIA HUITTI Twitter: huittimiia Instagram: miia.huitti WWW.MIIAHUITTI.FI WWW.STRESSIKUPLA.FI Did you change anything due to our last session?



What did you notice if you changed something?



What would have helped you make a change if you did not change anything?



What are we focusing on?

Stress and Immune System

Long term stress reduces our body's natural system that fights virus and bacteria

Stress-related disease emerges, predominantly, out of the fact that we so often activate a physiological system that has evolved for responding to acute physical emergencies, but we turn it on for months on end, worrying about mortgages, relationships, and promotions.

Sapolsky, R. M. (1998). Why zebras don't get ulcers: An updated guide to stress, stress-related disease, and coping New York: Freeman.

Do everything that you can to boost your immune system





Nutrition



Vitamins



Nature



Exercise regularly



Sauna



Reduce alcohol consumption



Breathing, mindfulness, visualisation, gratitude

Goals for today



Becoming aware of your programming



Becoming aware of your thoughts, feelings and reactions



Developing your relationships and communication



Tools and discussion

Tool #1 Square Breathing Technique



Selfmanagement consists of



Your professional skills – Time management, setting and achieving your goals, professionadevelopment



Co-operation skills – Co-operation with work mates and clients, sharing knowledge, supporting a good work atmosphere, working as a part of the system



Well-being skills – Mental, physical and social well-being

Managing your self

- Managing your self as a professional
- Awareness of own beliefs, thoughts and emotions that guide our actions.
- Goal orientedness at work
- Understanding own time management and ways of working and reacting.
- Managing stress and change
- Willingness to change if needed

How to succeed?

"Success is the by product of well-being."

Aki Hintsa, Formula One Doctor

"Decades of research have shown that happiness is not the outcome of success but rather its precursor."

Emma Seppälä, Ph.D, Stanford, Yale, Happiness Researher

Keys to Happiness and Success

- Live in the present moment! Do not worry about your next task.
- 2. Tap into your resilience. Instead of living in overdrive, train your nervous system to bounce back from setbacks. You will naturally reduce stress and thrive in the face of difficulties and challenges.
- 3. Manage your energy and try to stay calm.
- Do more of nothing! Make time for fun, play and leisure time. Break is a break!
- 5. Be good to yourself! Be compassionate about yourself. Treat yourself kindly!
- 6. Show compassion to others and be supportive! Give thanks.

Emma Seppälä: The Happiness Track

The Power of Thoughts and Beliefs



The majority of our stress is unconsious!



Man is not worried by real problems so much as by his imagined anxieties about real problems. - Epictetus



There is great power within our thoughts and attitudes in stress management.

What is the most burdening belief that you have?



Perfectionism? Criticism towards one self?



Continuous overachieving?



Feeling of insuffiency?



Feeling of guilt?

Where does our programming come from?



We form most of our programming during our **first six to nine years** of life



Our programming is also modified by our life, crisises etc.



The experiences of our **predecessors** also have an effect.

DUAL STRUCTURE OF THE MIND

UNCONSCIOUS MIND 11 200 000 BIT/S

CONSCIOUS MIND 40 BIT/S

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TOOL #2 VISUALISATION



Visualisation is a way to empty and quiet down our mind and to teach our brain new ways to react instead of the unwanted reaction or to achieve peak performance.



Used by top athlethes like professional golfers, football players and ski jumpers.



The more vividly you feel the emotions of succeeding the more efficient it is.



Use visualisation regularly

Relationships at work

Where do conflicts and differences of opinion often come from?

- Different needs and motivation
- Different ways of working and reacting
- Assumptions/Thoughts/Interpretations
- Misunderstanding
- We are afraid to ask, say and bring things up.
- Chemistry between persons should not affect the atmosphere at work.

Behavior at work

WHAT KIND OF BEHAVIOR AT WORK USUALLY ENERGIZES OR DRAINS YOUR ENERGY?

What comes to the room when you enter the room?



Do you behave the way you expect others to behave?



Do you give others what you expect to get from them too?

Kindness is empowering

Be good to yourself!
Speak to yourself in a way you would speak to your best friend.

Show compassion to others and be supportive! Give thanks.

How to become more compassionate to one self?

- Pay attention on how you talk to yourself
- Write yourself a kind letter after failure etc.
- Come up with a compassionate statement on phrase that you use in difficult situations
- Practice gratitude daily
 - Kirstin Neff: Itsemyötätunto

Lovingkindness meditation Tool #3

- Increases Positive Emotions & Decreases Negative Emotions
- Increases vagal tone which increases positive emotions & feelings of social connection
- Decreases migraines, chronic pain, PTSD, Schizophrenia-Spectrum Disorders
- Activates empathy & emotional processing in the brain
- Increases gray matter volume in the brain (emotions regulation)
- Increases respiratory Sinus Arrythmia (RSA) parasympathetic cardiac control and slowed respiration rate
- Slows Biological Aging
- Makes you a more helpful person
- Increases Compassion and Empathy, and Social Connction
- Decreases Your Bias towards others
- Decreases Self-Criticism
- Effective in small doses, long term impact

People Skills at Work



- Behaving and reacting in a solution focused and positive manner
- Reacting to change in a neutral or positive way
- Trust and reliability
- Respectful and fair way to treat others
- Giving and getting feedback
- Paying attention to others; Thank you, I am sorry, You're welcome
- Courage to speak about difficult issues
- Talking about things straight to each other not behind the back

Changing the point of view



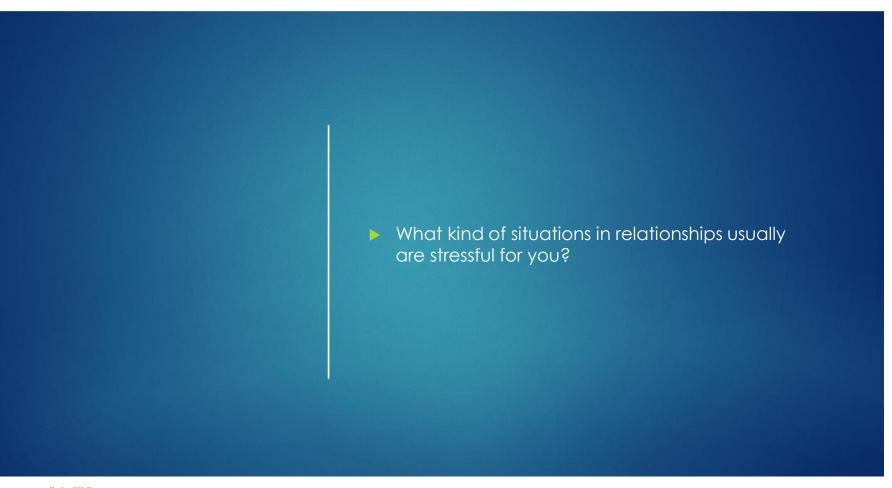
Action - Could I choose to act in another way?



Emotion – Could I choose to feel in another way?



Thought - Could I choose to think in another way?



The stories
that we make
are the ones
that stress us
the most
Byron Katie, The work,
Four questions
Tool #4
See videos on Youtube



1. Is it true? (Yes or no. If no, move to question 3.)



2. Can you absolutely know that it's true? (Yes or no.)



3. How do you react, what happens, when you believe that thought?



4. Who or what would you be without the thought?



<u>Judge Your Neighbor worksheet (ENG)</u> Tuomitse lähimmäisesi -lomake

Positive Emotions at Work



If we only look for problems it is hard to see anything else than problems.



Negative emotions narrow down our patterns of thinking and behaving.



Positive emotions broaden our capabilites to think and act. They also increase of physical, mental and social resources. They ar contagious!



What you focus on increases!

All Emotions are OK



- Becoming aware of your emotions and reactions is a crucial part of self management
- Being able to get to know your emotions and naming them immediately decreases stress!
- Accepting that every emotion is important and gives you important information about you. What is the message?
- Expressing emotions in a constructive way

Books that I recommend

Camilla Tuominen: Leading Emotions

<u>Gofore Podcast</u> on emotions by Camilla

Camilla Tuominen: Tunnekuvakirja

Carol Dweck: Mindset

Byron Katie: Loving What Is

Brené Brown: Dare to Lead

Brené Brown: Rising Strong

Kirstin Neff: Itsemyötätunto

For the next time

▶ **Track** what you spend your time on, during at least two days on the sheet that is downloadable on the website. Notice also the work you perhaps do outside office hours.

Huddle in a week

- Let's meet and discuss in a week in a short 45 min huddle
- ▶ I will send you a link to Zoom

"Insanity is doing the same thing over and over again and expecting different results." - Albert Einstein